Initiating a Field Medical Card

Purpose

-- **Prepared on any soldier who sustains wounds in the theater of Operations**

-- **Designed to be used in forward combat areas by NATO troops, that's why instructions are in French/English**

-- **Field Medical Card provides medical personnel where casualty is evacuated to with the information regarding basic information f_____king purposes.**

-- **Minimum b_____ are blocks 1, 3,4, 9, and 11**

10th MOUNTAIN DIVISION (LIGHT INFANTRY)

MOUNTAIN

Introduction

- The Field Medical Card (DD-1380), is part of official and permanent medical treatment records

- Provides medical treatment staff with an accurate, standardized record of the patient care initiated, prior to the patient's arrival to the medical facility

- This record alerts the receiving medical facility to any special patient care needed for treatment and helps prevent delays

Initiating a Field Medical Card (Cont'd)

- **Block 1**

- Name
- Rank
- SSN (if casualty is member of a foreign service, enter their military number in this block—if they are civilian, leave it blank)
- MOS
- Sex
- Religion (important for critical casualties so that they can notify appropriate religious personnel.)

Block 1

- Full name
- Rank/grade
- Social security number (SSN)
- Military occupational specialty (MOS) or area of concentration for specialty code
- Religion and sex

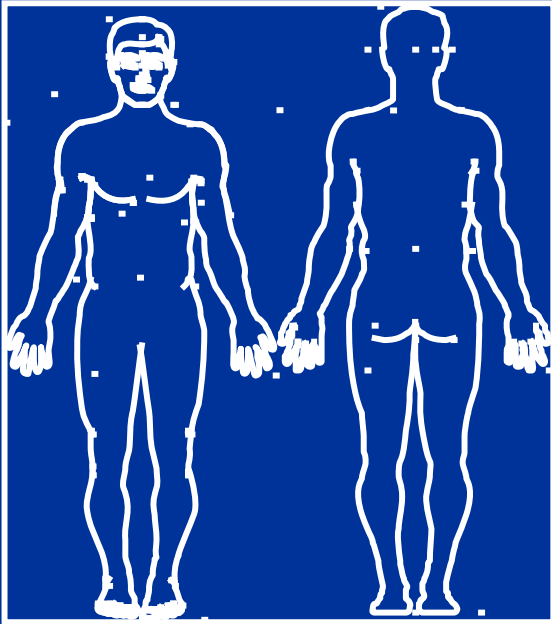| 1. LAST NAME /FIRST NAME / NOM ET PRENOM		RANK/GRADE		MALE/HOMME
				FEMALE/FEMME
SSN / NUMERO MATRICULE	SPECIALTY CODE / GPM			RELIGION/RELIGION

Initiating a Field Medical Card (Cont'd)

■   **Block 3**

- Mark the appropriate block which shows type of injury above block 3 (e.g. BC=Battle casualty; NBI=Non Battle Injury ; Disease=illness ; Pysch=Battle Stress, or other)

- Mark the figures on the Left portion with a small "x" to indicate where the wound, or wounds are located. Be sure to check casualty for entrance and exit wound

- Check the box on the right to annotate location where medical person should check : Airway, Head, Wound, Neck/Back Injury, Burn, Amputation, Stress, or other (for illness and anything not covered).

Block 3

- **Use the figures in the block to show the location of the injury or injuries**
- **Check the appropriate box(es) to describe the casualty's injuries**

	BC / BC		NBI / BCN		DISEASE/MALADIE		PSYCH / PSYCH
					AIRWAY / TRACHEE		
					HEAD / TETE		
					WOUND / BLESSURE		
					NECK/BACK INJURY / BLESSURE AU COU/AU DOS		
					BURN / BRULURE		
					AMPUTATION / AMPUTATION		
					STRESS / TENSION		
					OTHER (Specify) / AUTRE (Specifier)		

Initiating a Field Medical Card (Cont'd)

- ## Block 4

- Check Casualties Level of Consciousness (this helps them determine if it has changed by the time he arrives at the MTF-Medical Treatment Facility)

- A = Alert
- V = Verbal (responds to just verbal commands)
- P = Pain (body responds to painful stimuli)
- U = Unresponsive (There is no response from the casualty)

Block 4

- Check the appropriate box for level of consciousness

4. LEVEL OF CONCIOUSNESS / NIVEAU DE CONSCIENCE			
	ALERT / ALERTE		PAIN RESPONSE / REPONSE A LA DOULER
	VERBAL RESPONSE / REPONSE VEBALE		UNRESPONSIVE / SANS REPONSE

Initiating a Field Medical Card (Cont'd)

■ Block 9

- Enter a Brief description of treatment given. Use appropriate medical abbreviations– if not known, just use plain English.

- If a Tourniquet was applied, annotate that here , as well as the time it was applied, and location.

- If medications or Morphine were administered, then annotate the time it was given as well dosage.

Block 9

- Write treatment given
- Use block 14 for additional space

9. TREATMENT/OBSERVATIONS/CURRENT MEDICATIONS/ALLERGIES/NBC (ANTIDOTE)
   TRAITEMENT/OBSERVATIONS/PRESENTE MEDICATION/ALLERGIES/ANTIDOTES

Multiple LW over anterior aspect of body due to hand grenade explosion. NKDA. Field dressings and pressure dressing applied.

Authorized Abbreviations

- Abraded wound - Abr W
- Contused wound - Cont W
- Fracture (compound) open - FC
- Fracture (compound) open comminuted FCC
- Fracture simple (closed) - FS
- Lacerated wound - LW

Authorized Abbreviations

- Multiple wounds - MW
- Penetrating wound - Pen W
- Perforating wound - Perf W
- Severe - SV
- Slight - SL
- Gun Shot Wound - GSW

Initiating a Field Medical Card (Cont'd)

▪ Block 11

- ▪ Enter your initials in this block at the far right, and leave room for the following medical officer to sign. Leave the date alone.

Block 11

- Your initials on the <u>far right</u> of the block

11.PROVIDER/UNIT / OFFICIER MEDICALE/UNITE	DATE/DATE *(YYMMDD)*

Complete the Other Blocks As Time Permits

- **Block 2** - enter the casualty's unit and country of whose armed forces he/she is a member. Check the armed services of the casualty

- **Block 5** - write the casualty's pulse rate and the time that the pulse was measured

Complete the Other Blocks
As Time Permits

- **Block 8** - write in the time, date, and type of IV solution given

- **Block 10** - check the appropriate box. Write the date and time of disposition

- **Block 12** - write the time and date of the casualty's arrival. Record the blood pressure, pulse, and respirations in the space provided

Complete the Other Blocks As Time Permits

- **Block 13** - document the appropriate comments by the date and time of observation

- **Block 14** - document the provider's orders by date and time. Record the dose of tetanus administered and the time it was administered. Record the type and dose of antibiotic administered and the time it was administered

Complete the Other Blocks As Time Permits

- **Block 15** - the signature of the provider or medical officer and date is written in this block

- **Block 16** - check the appropriate box and enter the date and time

Complete the Other Blocks
As Time Permits

- **Block 17** - this block will be completed by the United Ministry Team. Check the appropriate box of the service provided. The signature of the chaplain providing the service is written in this block

After Completing, Attach It to the Casualty

Summary

- The Field Medical Card is a patient's lifeline when passed from one Medical Treatment Facility to another

- Mistakes or omissions on this form can cost lives

- Be sure you have mastered this procedure well